

West Nile Virus

Prevention and control, you can reduce the number of mosquitoes by disposing of any refuse water. The following are mosquito breeding sites: storm drains, clogged roof gutters, window wells, uncovered containers, leaky faucets and standing water, garden ponds, swimming pools, tires and wheelbarrows, birdbaths and children's toys.

Protect yourself from bites, even though your property may be devoid of mosquito breeding sites, mosquitoes can travel 2 to 3 miles. You may protect yourself by do the following: make sure window and door screens are bug tight, use proper type of light outside, stay indoors at dawn, dusk and in the early evening, use insect repellents (follow directions on label).

West Nile Virus Infected Bird Species

Infected Only - Not Transmitting (Call 1-877-PA HEALTH to report dead birds if found)			
Chickadees	Doves	Grackles	Sparrows
Turkeys	Warblers	Wrens	Woodpeckers

Common Carriers (Call 1-877-PA HEALTH to report dead birds if found)		
Raptors	Crows	Jay Family

West Nile Virus Spreading Via:	
Eating Infected Prey (Raptors)	Bird to Bird
Droppings	Directly to Chicks Via Eggs

The Commonwealth is encouraging citizens to report dead and dying birds so they can be tested.

If you see a dead or dying bird, please call

1-877-PA-HEALTH (724-3258)

Pennsylvania Dept. of Health Website:

<http://www.WestNile.state.pa.us/>